

Report to: Policy & Performance Improvement Committee Meeting - 26 September 2022

Director Lead: Matthew Finch – Director Communities & Environment

Lead Officer: Alan Batty, Business Manager – Public Protection

Report Summary				
Report Title	Bassetlaw and Newark & Sherwood Community Safety Partnersh Progress and Performance Update and Review of Priorities.			
Purpose of Report	To provide an update on the work undertaken by the Bassetlaw and Newark & Sherwood Community Safety Partnership. The report will set out the current performance and explain the choice of priorities for the current year.			
Recommendations	That Policy & Performance Improvement Committee review th Community Safety Partnership performance and priorities.			
Reason for Recommendation	To ensure that the Community Safety Partnership is addressing the right priorities in the right way.			

# 1.0 Background

- 1.1 The existence of a Community Safety Partnership (CSP) is a statutory requirement under Section 5 of the Crime & Disorder Act 1998 ("the Act"), as amended by the Police Reform Act 2002 and the Police & Justice Act 2006. There are a number of 'Responsible Authorities' that form the partnership. They are:
  - i. The District Council(s)
  - ii. The County Council
  - iii. The Chief Officer of Police
  - iv. The Fire and Rescue Authority
  - v. The Clinical Commissioning Group
- 1.2 In the practical process of operating, the CSP needs to create a functioning local partnership that develops and promotes multi-agency working with the aims of reducing crime and disorder, misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances and reducing reoffending in its area.
- 1.3 The Bassetlaw and Newark & Sherwood CSP (BNSCSP) has three layers to its existing structure with a single strategic group (Joint Strategic Group; "the JSG"), a single delivery group (Partnership Delivery Group; "the PDG") and a number of operational groups.

- 1.4 The chair of the JSG represents the CSP at the Nottinghamshire Safer Neighbourhoods Board and this role alternates between the two district councils on a biennial basis. The BNSCSP is administered by the Community Safety Partnership Support Officer which is a full-time post based at Castle House in Newark. Other posts that service and support the CSP are the Domestic Violence Co-Ordinator and the Partnership Analyst.
- 1.5 The CSP has a well-established schedule of meetings that are administered by the CSP Support Officer. Meeting attendance does vary with attendees fluctuating based primarily on the value that they derive from attendance.
- 1.6 The priorities of the CSP are intelligence led but need to reserve the right to include its own priorities as a matter of local determination for the benefit of the communities it serves. To a certain degree it will always be the case that elected members and communities themselves will feedback intelligence to the individual organisations that make up the CSP about what is concerning them at any point in time. The CSP needs to be capable of responding to those needs.

# 2.0 Proposal/Options Considered

2.1 Each month the CSP analyst produces a performance report based on all crime and a separate smaller report based on antisocial behaviour. This shows the comparative performance of the Community Safety Partnerships in the county (there are three) and each district. This shows the change in all crime/ASB compared to the same period last year as well as providing some more detailed analysis on the locations and causes of any hot spots.

	Performance
Force	-7%
County	-7.7%
BNS CSP	-5.9%
NSDC	-14.5%

2.2 The performance for Crime for 2021/2022 is shown below

The performance for ASB for 21/22 is shown below

	Performance	
Force	12%	
County	17%	
BNS CSP	22%	
NSDC	15%	

2.3 The Joint Strategic Group of the CSP is responsible for setting the priorities. This process is informed by a strategic assessment of crime and disorder, substance misuse and re-offending drawn from the evidence of the previous year.

2.4 The priorities that have been agreed for 2022/2023 are:

Domestic Violence Burglary Rural Crime Area based work/Town Centre Issues (ASB) Gypsy and Travellers (Newark) Community Cohesion Knife Crime Exclusions (Bassetlaw)

2.5 The table below sets out the rationale behind each priority.

Priority	Evidence	Current Structure	Local concerns/response
Domestic and Sexual Abuse	A high proportion (approx. 50%) of violence related crimes are linked to domestic abuse. The Domestic Abuse Act 2021 places a new duty on local authorities.	Countywide structures are in place, with the PCC commissioning DV services and our CSP structure is well established. Intelligence is in place and referral mechanisms well established and well known.	We have a possible issue of under reporting of Domestic Abuse and so promotional work continues. Domestic Homicide Reviews have to be organised and signed off at a local level.
Burglary (not specifically mentioned in the P&C Plan but covered under All Crime)	Locally we will experience spikes and are vulnerable to travelling gangs and known individuals so remains a priority at a local level and a Police priority.	Response is led by the Police and partners would be guided by the Police on any 'value added' work that can be done. Well established and tested response techniques are available to the Police.	BNS has some specific vulnerabilities: High quality/high value residential burglaries (including key thefts for high value cars) Rural burglary in isolated locations ATM thefts in isolated rural sites
Rural Crime (this is specifically mentioned in the P&C Plan).	BNS is predominantly a rural area and therefore vulnerable to specific crime types not experienced in other areas.	Chief Inspector Heather Maelor is the county lead on rural crime. The CSP is currently working on a specific rural crime initiative.	BNS are likely to maintain this as a priority because of the geography of the area which is vulnerable to off road bikes, hare coursing, fuel theft, fly tipping and other such crimes.

Priority	Evidence	Current Structure	Local concerns/response
Area Based	This area of work is very	Area based work is	N&S has a focus on low
Work	much led by local	currently delivered in	level ASB, and local
(not	intelligence.	N&S through the	environmental quality in
specifically		Community Safety team	Newark with the recent
mentioned in		and Community	appointment of wardens
the P&C Plan)		Engagement team. A	and upgrading of CCTV.
			The Safer Streets 4 project will focus on this priority.
Gypsy	Newark has the largest	Land use and planning	Political concern in N&S
Romany	G&T community in	issues are particularly	around planning on Tolney
Traveller	Notts. The G&T	controversial.	Lane and other sites.
Community	community faces a		Public perception that the
not	range of challenges	Police resource for the	G&T community are not
specifically	around education,	G&T community has	subject to the same level of
mentioned in	access to services,	been identified.	enforcement as other
the P&C Plan	victimisation and hate		sections of society.
but Hate	crime, and perception		
Crime and	from the settled		Concerns aired that
Community	community.		organised crime gangs are
Cohesion are.			operating out of Tolney
	Unauthorised		Lane. Lack of services for
	encampments affect		Travellers causing a feeling
	the whole of Notts,		of disconnect and
	particularly in the		lawlessness in the
	summer months		community.
Community	In Nottinghamshire, just	N&S has developed its	<ul> <li>Integration of the</li> </ul>
Cohesion	under half (48%) of	Community	Eastern European
(in the Police	residents consulted via	Engagement team and	community
and Crime	the annual Resident	has developed a	G&T Community
Plan under	Survey feel that their	number of 'days of	<ul> <li>New and Emerging</li> </ul>
the heading	area is a place where	action' within	Communities
Supporting	people from different	communities	Hate Crime
victims,	ethnic backgrounds get	N&S has recently	
survivors,	on well together.	delivered days of action	
witnesses and		aligned to the CSG	
communities		agenda.	
Knife Crime	Knife enabled violence	Nottinghamshire has a	There is no evidence that
	in Notts predominantly	Knife Crime Strategy	Newark and Sherwood has
	involves young males	and the Violence	a gang culture that is
	aged between 16 and	Reduction Unit has this	leading to the carrying of
	25 years committing	as a priority.	weapons. The biggest risk
	offences in public		to the CSP area would
	spaces (43%), some of		appear to be linked to
	which can be		'County Lines' and
	attributable to evolving		'Organised Crime Gangs'
	crime networks and		expanding into the outlying
	disputes over drug		areas to sell drugs.
	dealing territories.		Violence and knife crime
			associated with this activity
			is of potential concern.

2.6 Over the past 2 years the CSP has delivered 2 Safer Streets Projects within Newark. This have been primarily addressing burglary and vehicle crime but have also had an impact on the feelings of safety and community cohesion. A survey following the completion of the Safety Streets one project found the outcomes:

83% of respondents feel safer
53% feel the area is cleaner
40% of respondents feel safer after dark
44% of respondents feels the community looks out for each other better than it did

2.7 A submission by the CSP for Safer Streets 4 funding was submitted to the Home Office earlier this year. The bid was successful and the project funding a proved. This is funding of £750,000 across Bassetlaw and Newark and Sherwood which will have a focus of:

Anti-social behaviour, Violence against Woman and girls Perceptions of safety

- 2.8 The Newark and Sherwood elements of the bid is centred around the Market Square and St Mary's Church Gardens and will seek to improve lighting and CCTV coverage. There are smaller elements of the bid addressing ASB in St Marks precinct, improving ShopWatch, awareness rising for staff and public working/using the night-time economy and projects for reducing vehicle thefts.
- 2.9 The Office of the Police & Crime Commissioner has in previous years provide funding for the CSP to carry out local activities aimed at delivering its local priorities. This has been used in Newark & Sherwood to provide a wide range of very localised interventions such as graffiti projects, taxi marshals, water safety campaigns and other diversionary activities. A bid has been submitted for 2022/2023 but the outcome is not yet known.

# 3.0 Implications

3.1 The following implications have been considered

# 3.2 **Financial Implications**

The posts that support the work of the CSP are fully budgeted. Any activities that are undertaken to support the CSP are funded from existing budgets or are subject to bids to a variety of sources.

## **Background Papers and Published Documents**

None